CONGRESSMAN LITTLEFIELD STIRRED BAR ASSOCIATION.

Maine Representative Caused a Sensation at the Meeting of the National Organization at Denver by Declaring That the Supreme Court Was Influenced by Political Considerations in the Insular Cases.

BADICAL AMENDMENT OF BANKRUPTCY LAW

AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION PROPOSES TO HOLD

UNIVERSAL LAW CONGRESS IN ST. LOUIS IN 1903. ◆

Denver, Aug. 22.-The Committee of the American Bar Association on . Memorial from the St. Louis Exposition reported the following resolutions, •

Resolved, That a committee composed of one member from each State and • Territory of the Union be appointed by the president of this association to cooperate with the authorities of the Louisiana Exposition Company and the ... United States Commission having in charge the celebration of the centennial ... of the purchase by the United States from France of the Louisiana territory • in bringing about the holding of an universal congress of lawyers and jurists • at St. Louis in 1963, on the lines proposed in the memorial of the Louisiana •

Purchase Exposition Company presented at this meeting to this association.

Resolved, further, That the president and the Executive Committee of this association be requested to take all necessary steps to promote and carry out the plan of holding such universal congress of lawyers and jurists.

Bankruptey Law Discussed.

Reports were received from the following committees: Jurisprudence and Law Reform, Legal Education and Admission to the Bar, Commercial Law, International Law Obstuary and Law Reporting and Disseling

gesting.

The Commercial Law Committee in its report expresses dissatisfaction with the new bankruptcy law and declares that it has made strong efforts to secure amendments, but in valu. The committee is still of the opinion.

cent legislation.

2. That the ideal bankruptcy law is one that the allows every honest deherr to procure a speedy discharge from his obligations upon the surrender of all his projectly, the gives every creditor a complete remedy against a taul or contemplated fraud on the part of the debter to pulmishes all fraud on the part of the debter and creditor with relenties severity.

3. That our present bankruptcy law, to fulful these considirs meeds careful and treachant amendment on the lines that this association has approved.

DOYLE'S TROUBLES MULTIPLY.

Edward S. Newell Says Cabman Stole His Watch and Stud. Edward S. Newell of No. 5250A Delmar boulevard is another victim of the highway

men who infest the neithborhood of Nineteenth and Chestnut streets. He called at

side of the saloon we heard a scuffle. Afterward I learned that Johnston had been robbed, but we had nothing to do with it." The police are holding the women to see if

NOVEL PLAN PREVENTS STRIKE.

Kindly Manufacturer Relieves

Market by Wholesale Buying.

Fall River, Mass., Aug. E.-According to precedent, although entirely unexpected, M.

C. D. Borden of New York came into the

local market this evening and rang the death knell of the wage reduction move-

ment by buying print cloths right and left

until the men who have been foremost in the fight for a lower wage scale put up the

price of goods, and thereby checked a plan

which bid fair to clean out a very large

part of the surplus stock. When Mr. Bor-den wired his local brokers to buy goods, the market for prints was dull at 27-16 cents per yard, but within an hour the quotation had been forced up to 23-16

SLEEP WALKER'S EXPERIENCE.

Falls in Excavation and Is Res-

cued by Firemen.

Broadway House at No. 417 Morgan street,

now occupies a cot in the City Hospital, be-

cause of his sleep-walking proclivities. Andrew Kirk of Engine Company No. 23 is receiving treatment of injuries received while en route with others of his company to rescue McCoy from the peculiar predica-ment which was the result of his somnam-

McCoy arose in his sieep, and, walking

into an unoccupied room, came to an open window, and stepped out into space. Directly under the window there is a large

excavation, which had been dug for building purposes. McCoy plunged to the bottom of this and, thoroughly awakened by the fearful joit he had received, cried loudly for

heis. A still alarm was turned in, and, as the fire truck was responding, it overturned at Fourth and Lucas avenue. Kirk was injured about the back. Other firemen lowered a ladder into the excavation and carried McCoy out.

Johnston will prosecute.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 22.-A sensation was I tions of the Government. And that is not Denver, Colo., Aug. 22.—A sensation was caused at to-day's session of the American Bar Association by the address of Congresaman Charles E. Lättleheld of Maine on "The Insular Cases." Air. Lättleheld of Maine address drew forth loud and long-continued applause, and a motion was made to tender a vote of thanks to him for it, but this was declared out of order by the president on the ground that the speaker is a member of the association. The view of the mover was not, however, general with the members, for just before recess was taken. gressman Charles E. Latticheld of Maine on "The Insular Cases." Mr. Latticheld's address drew forth loud and long-continued applause, and a motion was made to tender a vote of thanks to him for it, but this was declared out of order by the president on the ground that the speaker is a member of the association. The view of the mover was not, however, general with the members, for just before recess was taken Adolph Moses of Chicago made a vigorous protest. He said:

"I wish to record my note of dissent to the general applicase which followed the presentation of the insular cases by Mr. Littlefield. I regret to have listened to what I consider an unwarranted attack up-on the Supreme Court of the United States, and, as a member of this association, I wish to raise my voice in protest against the use of this platform for a purpose of this kind." His remarks were cut short by a point of order, and his words were greeted with of order, and his words were greeced with applause, in which a considerable minority of the convention joined.

The convention met at 10 o'clock, and President Wetmore at once introduced Charles L. Littlefield of Maine.

The Offending Address. Mr. Littlefield spoke on the "Insular ases." These cases, he said, considered in the manner in which the results were reached, the incongruity of the results and the variety of inconsistent views expressed by the different members of the cour, "are, without a parallel in our judicial history."

approved.
4. That the association should, through its Committee on Commercial Law, for the envelop year, continue its line of work looking to the perfecting of the bankruptcy law.

Legal Education. by the different members of the cour; "are, without a parallel in our judicial history."

Taking up the first case, known as De Lima vs. Bidweil, stating the opinion of the section of legal education of the Lima vs. Bidweil, stating the opinion of the same, the speaker said Justice Brown did not announce the conclusion and judgment of the court, affirming the judgment of the court, affirming the judgment of the court, affirming the judgment of the court, below, but rendered one of his own. Referring to the opinions of Justices White, Shiras and McKenna, in the same case, the speaker said;

Judgment Not Sustained.

"Technically speaking there is no opinion of the court to sustain the Judgment. If the Dooley case" (known as Dooley vs. United States, "is controlled by the Downes cases," said Mr. Littlefield, "there would seem to be no good reason why it should not have been decided. That it was not raises the inference that it would be decided adversely to the Gavernment or that there was a greater difference of opinion train usual with reference to it. Air. Justice Gray is the only one who indicates his posttion in this case."

Porto Rico as American Territory.
Mr. Littlefield considered the other cases which had been passed upon, and said that, owing to the unsettled condition of the court, it was hardly worth while to speculate as to the result of those cases. His conclusion as to Porto Rico's status 18.

Littlefield William Doyle, alias "Elivers," the cab-driver, who is in jail on a charge of robbery, as the man who robbed him of a gold-filled watch and a diamond stud valued at \$200, on the night of August 1.

conclusion as to Porto Rico's status is, briefly:

"So far as the operation of the Constitution was concerned, this territory was to all legal intents and purposes a part of the United States. It matters not how the Constitution reached the territory, so far as this case was concerned, so long as it was this case was concerned, so long as it was there."

Negroes and Filipines Compared.

Alt. Littlefield next discussed the Thirteenth Amendment to the Constitution, as it has been construed by the Suprems Court in Porto Rico and the Philippines. He quoted the amendment and gave a history of the case. Then he said, referring to savery as it existed in the United States; "The negro cannot be driven out or the Filipino physically, and until the Filipinos produce a Fred Douglas or a Booker T. Washington, he has nothing to fear in an intellectual comparison."

Defense of the Court.

At this point Mr. Moses got the floor and the robbery of William Johnston. They admitted they met Johnston and another was defined.

At this point Mr. Moses got the floor and said:

"I wish to record my note of dissent to the general applause which followed the presentation of "the insular cases" by Mr. Littlefield. When the matter came to my attention I looked with a great deal of pleasure to the fact that he had chosen this difficult subject for the information of this association.

"I regret to have listened not to a speech of information, but rather to what I consider an unwarranted attack upon the Supreme Court of the United States, and as a member of this association.

I we drove to the Morgan Club salcon at Jefferson avenue and Chestnut sireet, where we tried to go in, but found the doors locked. While Edith and I were on the far side of the salcon we heard a souffle. After-

this association.

"I regret to have listened not to a speech of information, but rather to what I consider an unwarranted altack upon the Supreme Court of the United States, and as a member of this association I wish to raise my voice in protest against the use of this platform for a purpose of this kind."

Pretty

come monopolized by the young lady at the typewriter. It is astonishing what an array of beautiful women are found

ces. In fact, the \$ typical American eauty will be found sitting at the typewriter in a carriage in the And yet this

pretty young girl needs always to be reminded that "beauty is only skin deep," unless it roots in health.

is undermined by passes from the Dr. Pierce's Fa-

body loses its

diseases which weaken w and which destroy their strength and eauty. It establishes regularity, stops weakening drains, heals inflammation

"Several years ago I suffered severely from emale weakness, prolapsus and menorrhagia, ind used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription with plendid effect, "writes Pannie Sheiton, of Washington, Iowa. "Glad I have not needed it for a ex years past, but if I should ever have any resum of the old trouble would surely try 'Favorite Prescription.' I have recommended it to a sumber of my lady friends. I always tell them to try a bottle, and if they are not benefited by I will pay for the medicine. In every case key have spoken in praise of it."

PRESIDENT CASTRO HAS SENT AN ARMY AGAINST COLOMBIA.

Venezuela's Ruler Furnishes Warships, Ammunition and Men to General Uribe-Uribe, Who Is Leading Insurgent Forces Against the Colombian Government-Determined to Force War on The Republic.

AMERICANS PRESSED INTO SERVICE OF VENEZUELAN ARMY.

Willenstad, Curacao, Aug. 22.-President astro has rent the gunboats Zumbader, Miranda and other Venezuelan war vessels from La Guayra and Caro, with troops under the command of General Pavilla, to

Rio Hacha, on the coast of Colombia. Eight undred mes are in the expeditions, Will Aid Colombian Insurgents.

These troops will nesist the Colombian revolutionists under General Uribe-Uribe. President Castro has also sent a good sup-General Davila is the Venezuelan soldier who defeated and captured General Her-nandez ("El Mocho"), who had bitterly fought General Castro.

News from Venezuela confirms the re-ports that the Republic is absolutely quiet, notwithstanding a fear of a general upris-ing on the Colombian frontier, due to the proclamation of President Castro that Venezuela was being attacked by the Con-servative Government of Colombia.

Part of Castre's Plot.

The dispatches telling of the Colombian invarien have been part of President Castro's plot to excite the Venezuelans into the belief that Colombia had begun a war on their Republic

their Republic.

It is the belief of class observers of the situation that President Castro is losing his head. He has only one dream now, and that is war with Colombia, He is determined to bring it about.

There is excellent authority for the statement that a Venezuelan revolution, led by Liberals, is being arranged. The leader of this revolution is now in New York.

Americans Pressed Into the Army.

The political situation in Venezuela is

The political situation in Venezuela is The positical situation in Venezicia is more than serious. No one is allowed to leave the country without special permission. On the same steamer on which I recently went to Maracailoo there was a Mr. Cunningram, a mining engineer who had come from Washington to visit an asphalt mine, but he was not permitted to do no. At the Limon River, where an American company employs 200 men, one morning only fifteen were found on the premises the others having been foreibly recruited during the night to defend the country. On the eve of my departure from Maracailoo 2000 soldiers and a formiliable artillery train were expected, all destined ter San Cristobal—that is to say, the Colombian's commandant of the city of Barbaucas, which had been recovered by the Government forces. The revolutionary force was on its way to Tomaco, on the island of Gadille, and was surprised. more than serious. No one is allowed to

Vis Pacem Para Bellum," but while waiting for peace I seem to see only war.

GENERAL PIETRI ARRESTED. President Castro Pardons Leader of a Plot Agalust Him.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.

Caracas, Venezuela, Aug. 22—(Copyright, 1991, by the New York Herald Company.)—General Juan Pletri, who was Minister of War for President Creepo during the revolution of 182, while on his way to Guarleo

War for Fresident Crespo during the revolution of 1892, while on his way to Guarleo to raise an insurrection, was arrested on the shore of Lake Valencia.

General Pietri, it is announced, had been in hidling fourieen months, conspiring against President Castro. He was taken to this city, immediately after his arrest, and was paraded in the streets from the German station. After the promenade he was essected to the central square of the city and set at liberty by order of President Castro, to the great surprise of the populace. The citizens were astonished. There is a pepular movement on the part of President Castro. The city is perfectly quiet.

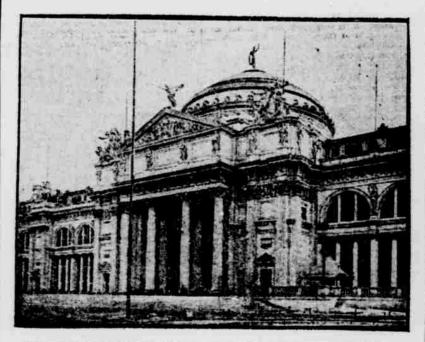
General Fletri is a physician, lawyer and roddler. He was educated in Europe. After he had been Minister of War under President Crespo he became Minister of Finance. He was one of the political enemies of farmer President Andrade. General Pietri is of Corsican origin. is of Corstean origin.

INSURGENTS WERE DEFEATED. Colombian Forces Rout the Revolu-tionists Near Tomaco.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The Colembian Minister, Dector Martinez Silva, to-day re-ceived an official letter from the Minister of Colembia at Quito, Ecuador, which reports an emagement near Tornaco, in which a force of Chlombian revolutionists were de-feated and arms, ammunition and prisoners taken.

MAIN EXHIBIT BUILDINGS OF CREAM IVORY WHITE.

Resolutions Providing for These Colors and the Free Adaptation of Renaissance Style of Architecture for World's Fair Structures Were Approved by the Architects' Commission at Last Meeting.



AGRICULTURAL BUILDING AT COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION. Type of free Renaissance architecture which has been adopted for St. Louis World's Fair buildings.

adopted at the last meeting of the Com-mission of Architects in St. Louis, at which the ground plans for the Exposition were completed.

Chairman Taylor when he said in New York that the style of architecture would be the free Renaissance," says a St. Louis member of the Commission of Architects. "A good example of the free Remaissance which these resolutions prescribe for the St. Louis Exposition is the Agricultural building at the Columbian Exposition in Chicago," continued the architect. "The Chicago, continued the architect. The classic Renaissance is to be departed from only where utilitarian purposes dictate. Renaissance architecture is more ornate than the Green and Roman. The Roman architecture introduced the arch to replace the square entablature which prevailed in the Greek architecture, and the Henaissance used indiscriminately either treatment.

cents, and his agents quit buying.

It is stated that they succeeded in obtaining between 100,000 and 230,000 pieces of ment.

'The Remaissance architecture was a revival of the Greek and Roman architecture with changes dictated by utility and taste, as the entire period of the Remaissance was a revival of the classic learning of Greece and Rome, which had fallen into oblivion during the dark Middle Ages. The friezes of Greece and Rome are paneled in severely straight lines. The Remaissance uses scrolls and curved lines.

'The Remaissance is a step toward freedom from the Greek and Roman. The free Remaissance allows stil further freedom from classic bounds. The limit set in the resolution, however, forces the designer to show utilitarian cause for departures from the classic." regulars at 252 cents, a slight increase over the regular quotation. At the close of busi-ness this evening the market for orders was firm and active on a basis of 25-16

show utilitarian cases the classic."

The St. Louis architects have not yet received from Chairman Taylor the assignment of buildings which he is said to have mailed in New York.

CUTLINES STATE'S EXHIBIT.

Major Lewis Tells What Tennessee Will Do at World's Fair.

Major E. C. Lewis of the Nashville Ameryesterday afternoon on Charles M. Reeves,
Secretary of the Committee on State and
Territorial Exhibits, at his office in the
headquarters of the Louisiana Purchase
Exposition building, and discussed the intended Tennessee State exhibit for the
World's Fair. Major Lewis voiced the
opinion of the well-informed citizens and
officials of his State in referring to the

Resolved. That the extertors of the main exposition be a cream or ivery white, except where portions, columnates, persolar and similar constructions throw shadows and mask the walls. In such semiexteriors alone shall the use of color be permitted.

Resolved, That the prevailing style of srehitecture at the Louisdana Purchase Exposition shall be a free adaptation of the Renalesance, detarting from classic lines only where lighting, ventilation or other utilitarian demands dictate.

These two resolutions were unanimously adopted at the last meeting of the Commission of Architects in St. Louis, at which the ground plans for the Exposition were completed.

"They were doubtless in the mind of Chateman Taylor where the last was the place of the contential at Nashville, which has been preserved and can easily be obtained." It has been preserved and is now seriously collected by the preserved and can easily be obtained.

"They were doubtless in the mind of Chateman Taylor where the last was the preserved and can easily be obtained." It has been preserved and is now seriously concelled that no extra probable manner in which the funds for the exhibit. "Find he, in discussing the matter with Secretary Reeves." and the regular session will not take place until January. It is suggested, and I think probable, that the Agricultural bearts, one of which is located in each country, and the railway, mining, cotton and lumber interests will combine and provide by the various railway interests of the State for the cathed to make an appropriation for the exhibit. The nucleus of an exhibit exists in the fine display collected by the various railway interests of the State for the contential at Nashville, which has been proposed and is now seriously. "It has been proposed and is now seriously be obtained."

which has been proposed, and is now seriously be obtained.
"It has been proposed, and is now seriously considered by the Hermitane Association, which is in charge of President Jackson's home, to reproduce it at the Fair and place within it the Jackson relies now in the nessectation of the association. This the association is financially able to do unas-

"it is probable that the monument erected to Merriwother Lewis, famous as the first Governor of the Louisiana Purchase and as connected with the Lewis-Clark expedition, will be exhibited at the Fair or reproduced. Lewis, who was appointed by President Jeffersan, is buried in Lewis County, Tennessee, The Tennessee Society of St. Louis is greatly interested in this project."

BIG KANSAS CITY EXHIBIT.

Manufacturers and Merchants Propose to Have One at Fair.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 22.-In posting a notice to-day of election of directors and officers for the ensuing year, Secretary Winsborough of the Manufacturers' and Merchants' Burenu included the following: Merebants' Bureau included the following:

"It has been proposed by members of the present board that all of the organizations, like the Manufacturers' Association, the Commercial Club and others, for the upbuilding of Kansas City, unite in the work of preparing for Kansas City's exhibit at the St. Louis Exposition. Every side of the life of Kansas City, industrial, commercial, professional, and in the line of other activities, should be so well presented that visitors to the Exposition will know that St. Louis is not the only big city in Missouri. The work cannot begin too soon, The Exposition is to open one year from next May. We should begin our operations as soon as possible this fall."

Many Reasons Exist Why France Does Not Want Eastern Question Opened.

HOLDS ONE TRUMP.

SULTAN OF TURKEY

Paris, Aug. 22.-According to the Foreign Office officials, this afternoon, there is no news and no change in the situation of the Turkish imbroglio. This, however, was no-

ticeable-the officials were more reticent

than yesterday. While reasterting that no naval demon stration is contemplated, they refuse to confirm or deny the truth of the news contained in special dispatches saying that three battleships and a cruiser which arrived at Toulon this morning are taking coal and provisions on board. They said they had no information on the subject.

Perhaps it is not lacking in significance that M. Deschanei, President of the Cham-ber of Deputies, who was attending the Consul General at Chartres, suddenly went to Rambouillet this morning to see President Loubet, and also that M. Delcasse, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, leaves the

dent Loubet, and also that M. Deleasse, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, leaves the Consul General at Ariege and returns to Paris to-morrow to attend a special meeting of the Cabinet, called, it is asserted, to arrange the programme for the reception and entertainment of the Czar.

Turks Are Silent.

In the meanwhile, the Turkish Ambassador, Munir Bey, is absent, and at the Turkish Emhassy only minor officials are visible. They assume an air of absolute indifference and ignorance of the whole matter. Most of the diplomatists are away for the summer holidays, hence it is difficult to obtain a consensus of opinion.

Talking to the correspondent of the Associated Press, a member of the diplomatic corps, who has been connected with the body for over twenty-five years, said:

"The Sultan's hand contains one trump just now. It is not likely that France will run the risk of opening the Eastern question on the eve of the Czar's visit."

MORE FAIR COMMISSIONERS.

Arkansas Governor Appoints Additional Delegates to St. Louis.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Little Rock, Atk., Aug. 22—Governor Davis to-day appointed another batch of World's Fair Commissioners, upon the recommendation of the vice presidents selected at the late State Convention of honorary

To-day's appointments are as follows: Maxwell, Left Howard, Granville Ingram, L. H. McKinney, A. A. Kersh, A. Keefer, John Carroll, F. F. Nixon, Henry Barrack, J. S. Luck, John Seamans, George Roland, F. M. Brilken, Tem Holland, William Reagle, Abe Witcher, James Harper, Joe Byers, T. W. Bugs, Bon Campbell, Virgil Morris, Robert Williamson, Sam

James Harper, Joe Byers, T. W. Ragg, Ben Campbell, Virgil Morris, Robert Williamvon, Sam Cromwell, James Short, George Bishop, A. I. Alford, James Duckett.

Van Buren County — Jake Standage, W. H. Woods, W. B. Payne, W. M. Allison, H. W. Dodges, W. T. Davis, Thomas Hallibrooks, W. H. Stabeugh, Jos Jennings, N. J. Cullium, Re-Hunter, Denia Cargle, James Lott, James Penney, Joe Copeland, M. B. Leffler, Henry Smith, Doctor Stummons, J. H. Frarler, Sam W. Simpson, O. P. Nixon, J. H. Pate, W. J. Pute, John Hatchett, Doctor Steel, William Lenord, Doctor Thornbrow, William Ladox, James Hatchett, S. A. Myover, Owen Evans, J. D. Bue, Willey Hallebrooks, B. K. Thompson, W. W. Phillips, John Brown, Thomas Millson, P. L. Conton, John Patton, John Buckhanan, George McGebre, Tillman Jales, N. B. McClathery, T. B. Stewart, W. H. Walking, R. R. Poe, W. T. Lewis, James Arnold, Gilbert Cottrell, W. T. Gibbonn, Doctor Clark, James Hensley, W. D. Bloodw, rth, George Cullen, Sr., George Cullen, Jr., Henry Gladberty, Jr., James Hine, Sam Stevens, William Readford, Ed. Fulks, Lewis Smith, George

Bradford, Ed. Fulks, Lewis Smith, George Wright.
Fulton County-Alvan Jones, J. L. Franks, J. M. Pickren, C. P. Allison, W. G. Deatherage, F. L. White, F. M. Nordean, George W. Walthquist, R. E. Love, J. S. Dejarnette, C. C. Pressly, P. P. H. Hymson, A. Fryatts, J. W. Smith, Naithan Mitchell, Curtis Hubbell, J. A. Morris, B. F. Sutherland, R. E. Comstock, H. Harkletoads, John W. Bell.
Scott County-T. W. Stone, R. N. Millerd, E. I. Burnett, E. I. Dixon, S. S. Slawson, T. J. Rogers, Moses Smith, J. F. Monroe, S. D. Sorrel, A. J. Colsurn,
Lady Managers-Mines, James Mathis, Gipson, Ark.; T. W. Tate, Ohlo; Lizzie Workman,

Ark: T. W. Tate, Ohio: Lizzie Workman, Bradley; L. K. Robertson, Parks; W. R. Dun-can, Waldron; Maggie Hon, Waldron; Lee Mc-Donald, Booth.

BLOODY GARMENTS FOUND. Probable Tragedy in Indianapolis

With St. Louis End.

A special dispatch to The Republic from Indianapolis says: "There were found on Fall Creek bank, in North Indianapolis, yesterday, a bloody coat and shirt with a yesterday, a bloody coat and shirt with a cut in the shirt bosom. On the coat was pinned a note containing the following:

"My death was caused by my own hand. Blame no one. Bury me as usual in such cases. Have no relatives or friends.

"THE BEARER."

"A letter in the coat pocket consisted of three cicsely written pages, All leading names and dates had been carefully cut out. The letter was dated St. Louis, 1501, and contained references to a 'Marge,' apparently the suicide's wife, repreaching him

parently the suicide's wife, repreaching him for distrusting her and recounting several instances of her faithfulness. Some names of towns and places still remained, among them Oakland and San Francisco, Cal. Sonora and Juarez, Mexico, and St. Louis.
"At the close was a request to meet the writer on the 18th or 17th, no month or place being given. It was stated in the latter that two men would settle all differences."

REPUBLIC SPECIAL Memphis, Mo., Aug. 22.—Mrs. G. W. Barnes, aged 55 years, widow of G. W. Barnes, the banker, is dead.

NEW EPISCOPAL CANON ON DIVORCE AND MARRIAGE.

It Will Be the Most Important Feature of the General Convention to Be Held in September at Los Angeles, Cal.-Bar to Innocent Parties.

DUELLING MADE HARMLESS.

At the convention in 1895 the following were appointed a committee to report on proposed changes in title 2, canon 13: The Reverend Doctors Morgan Dix, E. A. Hoffman, F. P. Davenport, Cameron Mann, John Fulton and J. E. Eccleston, Messrs. F. A. Lewis, F. L. Stetsen, C. H. Stanley, W. H. Lightner and E. G. Bradford. This committee has prepared an elaborate report, which has been sent to delegates to the General Convention.

In general, the proposed new canon is

stricter in all its requirements as to mar-riage and divorce, both as to the contracting parties and to the priest or rector perform-ing the marriage ceremony. Under the old canon the remarriage of innocent parties was permitted and clergymen were free to was permitted and clergymen were free to officiate, while under the new law such ceremonies could not be performed by them without the most positive proof of innocence as established by a civil court. The new law would also prohibit the receiving of the communion on the part of divorced parties remarried, which is not a requirement under the present law.

under the present law.

Text of the Proposed Canon.

The following is the text of the proposed

Title II. Canon I2: Holy Matrimony and Impediments Thereto—I. (i) Holy matrimony is an estate of life which, for the purposes of this canon, is sufficiently defined in the form appointed for the solemnization of matrimony in the Rook of Common Prayer. (i) The solemnization of matrimony in this church is a service in which the mutual consent of the parties is given in the presence of a minister, who, having pronounced them, in the name of the Holy proper, they shall agree with him that the sufficient reason to discense with any of provisions of section 1 of this canon, the I will be sain and wife, invokes the divine Trinity, to be man and wife, invokes the divine The committee further reports that the carbon. The committee further reports that the carbon when the appeal as the shall occur may appeal to the Bishop diocese or of the missonary district, at in the capital of the Rishop further process.

Trinity, to be man and wife, invokes the divine blessing upon their union.

2. (i) The following marriages are prohibited by God's Word on the ground of the impediment of consanguinity;

A man with his mother (Lev. xviii, 7); a man with his daughter (Lev. xviii, 7); a man with his elster of the whole or half blood (Lev. xviii, 18; xx, 17; Deut. xxvii, 23); a man with his sen's daughter or his daughter's daughter (Lev. xviii, 18); a man with his father's sister or his mother's sister (Lev. xviii, 13-14; xx, 19).

A man with his mother (Lev. xviii, 7); a man with his daughter (Lev. xviii, 7); a nam with his sister of the whole or half blood (Lev. xviii, 18); a man with his sister or his daughter's daughter (Lev. xviii, 18); a man with his father's sister or his mother's sister (Lev. xviii, 12-14; xx, 19). (19 The following marriages are prohibited by God's Word on the ground of the impediment of affinity:

A man with his wife's mother (Lev. xviii, 17; A man with his son's wife (Lev. xviii, 18; xx, 17). A man with his son's wife (Lev. xviii, 18; xx, 17). A man with his father's wife (Lev. xviii, 18; xx, 11). A man with his father's wife (Lev. xviii, 18; xx, 11). A man with his father's wife (Lev. xviii, 18; xx, 11). A man with his father's wife (Lev. xviii, 18; xx, 11). A man with his father's wife (Lev. xviii, 18; xx, 11). A man with his father's wife (Lev. xviii, 18; xx, 11). A man with his son's wife (Lev. xviii, 18; xx, 11). A man with his father's daughter of his mother (Lev. xviii, 18; xx, 11). A man with his son's wife (Lev. xviii, 18; xx, 11). A man with his father's daughter or his mother (Lev. xviii, 18; xx, 19).

AND DWYER INDICTED

GLENNON, SHEILS

MORE EXCITEMENT IN COTTON MARKET.

Prices Spurted Upward Under the Influence of Bullish Estimates on Exports and Size of Crop.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. New York, Aug. 22.-There was more exitement on the Cotton Exchange to-day than in any one of the downtown mar-

At the Same Time Order Suspending Them From New York Police Service Is Rescinded.

New York, Aug. 22.-Devery's factotum, Edward G. Glennon, and his two fellows in the Tenderloin district, Sergeant John H. Shells and Wardman John Dwyer, were indicted by the Grand Jury for neglect of du-

ty to-day. But at the same time they were restored to duty by Commissioner Murphy, who re-scinded his previous order suspending them, and to-night Glennon was pursuing the course of masterful inactivity which has singled him out from all the thousands on the force.

weeks ago of \$2.50. Then it was predicted that cotton would sell below 7 cents a pound.

The strength of the market started with new estimates of exports and the probable size of the growing crop. Soon after 1 o'clock a rise of some 28 points in September in New Orleans on a wild stampede of shorts threw local bears into a small panic, and led to active builing by local friends of the market. Report had it that Brown, in the New Orleans market, had bid September up 25 points at a single bound, after which shorts caused a further rise of some 19 to 12 points.

This darling operator flooded the local market with huging orders and supported the August position to 8.15. Excitement was at fever point and very heavy trasing was done for the first time in months. Wire houses were free buyers on the rise and Europe purchased large blocks of near months. Bad crop news was circulated on the upturn, and helped to strengthen buil convictions around 7.21 for October and 7.22 for January. Profit taking was indulged in on a large scale and caused a slight reaction from top. Nevertheless, New Orleans continued to set a builtah example and gave little indication of easing off. Throughout the late session the market was excited and freegular with a pronounced builtsh leaning.

The market held well up to the top to the very close on feverish covering on retive outside buying, and the market losed steady, with quentions 12 to 15 higher as compared with yesterday's closing prices.

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Half a teaspoon in half a glass of water nourishes, strengthens and imparts new life and vigor when you feel all played out, can't sleep and have no appetite.